At No. 4 North Tenth Street, Richmond, Va. Entered January 27, 1903, at Richmond, Va. as escond-class matter, under Act of Congress of March S,

The DAILY TIMES-DISPATCH is sold at 5 cents a copy.

The SUNDAY TIMES DISPATCH IS sold at 5 cents a copy.

The DAILY TIMES-DISPATCH, including Sunday, in Richmond and Man-chester, by carrier, 12 cents per week or THE TIMES-DISPATOH, Richmond, Va.

BY MAIL. | One | Bix | Three | One | Mos. |

Rejected Communications will not be returned unless accompanied by stamps.
Up-Town Office at T. A. Miller's, No. 519 East Broad Street

SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1904.

### Mr. Jas. R. Gordon's Candidacy. In our local columns appears the account of the movement to get Mr. James

R. Gordon's consent to become a candidate for the office of Mayor. We feel that this effort will cause deep satisfaction throughout the whole community. Mr. Gordon is just that type of man

whose whole training and character fit him for the high and important office of Mayor. Modest and unassuming as he is, Mr. Gordon has made already an enviable record for himself in public service. His natural sagacity and force gave him a position of great weight during his service as Alderman from Monroe Ward, Even without such witness to his capacity for large affairs, Mr. Gordon's success as a business man would have shown his qualifications for such duties as those required of the administrative head of a great city.

Mr. Gordon's whole attitude towards municipal affairs is a living example of those measures and ideals in which wo

He is intelligent, patriotic, capable and industrious. He is a good citizen in every sense of the word, one who does his duty at the polls and in the Counch chamber, no less than in his private life.

If he becomes a candidate it will be in response to a desire to better serve his community, and his ideas of service are those which embrace the whole city and all of its classes. We do not believe that Mr. Gordon could or would represent any one "class" of citizens without fully and impartially regarding the rights of the other. He is naturally a man who would be neither the candidate of the laboring nor employing classes. He would represent neither the white ribboners nor the liquor dealers. But, if elected, would stand for a broad gauge, sane, progressive and popular administration.

He is too strong and earnest to be inactive and too well balanced to be fanatical. He would do the city credit in every position; would command the confidence of the public of all classes, and would lose no opportunity to advance the city's material and municipal welfare, or defend our interests from all attacks.

The city of Richmond under proper guidance has a great and growing future before her. Let us see to it that we miss no opportunity to use all the brains and character we can get in our city government and let us be thankful that there is public spirit enough in our city to induce such a stamp of man as Mr. Gordon to offer his time, his experience and his earnest services to promote the welfare of his fellow-citizens,

## Under Which Flag?

Mr. William J. Bryan insists that the Chicago platform of 1896 is the expression all true Democrats to-day believe in the doctrine declared in that document, Moreover, he says that it would be a hase and shameful surrender for the 1896 and plant itself once more upon the platform of 1892. He declares that only those who believe in the platform of 1896 are genuine Democrats, and that Grover Cleveland and all who stand with him upon the platform of 1892 are renegades and traitors. Mr. Bryan insists that there can be no sort of compromise or agreement between the Democrats whem he represents and the Democrats whom Mr Cleveland represents, 11s insists that the cleavage has gone to the bottom, and that there can be no peace or prosperity for Democracy until Mr. out of the party organization.

In view of these declarations of Mr. Bryan's, it seems to us timely to institute some comparisons between the platform of 1896 and the platform of 1892. First of all, let us take up the question of government finance. The platform of 1996 declared the money question to be "paramount to all others," and after some preliminaries, proclaimed: "We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by pri-

vate contract." The platform of 1892 on this question "We denounce the Republican legislation known as the Sherman act of 1890 as a cowardly makeshift, fraught with possibilities of danger in the future which should make all of its supporters, as well as its author, anxious for its speedy repeal. We hold to the ue of both cold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of elevator trust holst by its own petard. Script,

ng against either metal or charge for inintage, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal fatrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts; and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par with and redeemable in such

We ask our readers, no matter what their previous views on this question, to say candidly which expression to-day best represents dominant Democratic sentiment-the expression of 1896 or the expression of 1892?

Now, let us look at the tariff ques-ion. The platform of 1896 declared: Until the money question is settled, we are opposed to any agitation for future changes in our tariff laws, except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the Supreme Court on the income

In the campaign of 1896 the tariff question was not debated on the stump, but in obedience to the platform declaration was relegated to the background. The reason for this was that free silver Republicans were then co-operating with Democrats, and while free silver Republicans and free silver Democrats were agreed upon the money question, they were not agreed on the tariff and so tariff reform was thrust aside for free silver.

But what did the platform of 1892 say? We denounce Republican protection as a fraud, a robbery of the great majority of the American people for the benefit of the few. We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the Federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties, except for purposes of revenue only, and we demand that the collection of such taxes shall be limited to the necessities of the government when honestly and economically administered."

Again we ask our readers to say in candor whether dominant sentiment in the Democratic party to-day upon the tariff question is best represented by the platform of 1896 or the platform of 1892?

Mr. Bryan was nominated on the platform of 1896 and defeated; Mr. Cleveland was nominated on the platform of 1892 and elected by a handsome majority. Bryan and free silver lost in 1896; Cleveland and tariff reform triumphed in 1892. In 1904 free silver is as dead as slavery or secession, and William J. Bryan is not mentioned as a presidential possibillty.

Tariff reform is as live an issue today as it was in 1892, and it is admitted, even by some of his opponents, that Grover Cleveland is the strongest man o-day in the Democratic party.

Yet Mr. Bryan still insists that the platform of 1892 must be repudiated; that Grover Cleveland and all his associates must be driven out, of the party and that the party must stand pat on the platform of 1896, and nominate a man who believes in its doctrines. Go to.

#### Mr. Roosevelt's Predicament.

We have time and again said that he Sherman anti-trust law was a menace to the business interests of the United States, and the recent decision in the Northern Securities case has emphasized the fact, "The confusion, tumult and panic that would ensue," says the New York Times, "if an attempt were made to enforce the law against all violators of it, transcend the power of imagination to picture forth." If President Roosevelt should go in now to attack every corporation that has violated the letter of this law, there would be a panic and the disastrous consequences cannot be imagined. Corporations should be controlled, but the Sherman law, if enforced, would tear most of them to pieces. We have the promise of the attorney-general, however, that the government is not going to run amuck, but the New York Times is daring the President to roughride into the trusts, and the New York World is urging him to do so. The Presient is in a fix. He'll be "damned if he does, and be damned if he don't."

The decision of the Virginia Court of Appeals sustaining the action of the State Corporation Commission in assessing for taxation certain steamers of the Old Doninion Steamship Company, which ply in Virginia waters, seems to us to be eminently just. The State of Virginia has the right to lay its hands ipon all actual property found within its borders and levy a constitutional inx thereon. The mistake that the government has made has been in trying to tax that which is not property, but which simply represents ownership in property. Steamboats are property, actual, visible tangible property, and all steamboats plying regularly in the waters of Virginia are as much subject, to taxation as railond cars or electric cars or omnibuses or any other vehicles within the borders of the State.

In a furious snow storm Thursday enough show fell to make the total for the winter more than break all previous records in Chicago. The season several weeks ago was officially declared the coldest ever known there. Thursday's storm stalled the elevated railroads for two hours.

\_\_\_\_\_

A man in Cumberland county, Pa., has just concluded a fast lasting sixty days Although it is Lent, he is not fasting for piety, but for indigestion.

Wall Street seems to have reversed the decision of the Supreme Court in the Northern Securities case and concurred in the opinion of the minority,

In spite of the Supreme Court decision. the Bryan-Hearst merger shows no disposition to dissolve.

Cotton is light and fleecy, but that does not prevent it from falling with a

martinguages The Kansas farmers want to see the



## Social and Personal

class will give a recital for the two literary secieties of Richmond College in the college chapel this evening at 8:30 o'clock,

There will be readings and recitations by Miss Lura Bates, Miss Oille Belle Harwood, Miss Lillie Hechler, Miss Beulah Anthony, Miss Eula Bailey, Miss Maggie Bryant, Miss Pearl Lichtenstein and Mr. Julian Lichtenstein. Interspersed among the readings will be some delightful vocal and instrumental numbers by Miss Marsha Mosby Snead, Miss Zelle Minor and Miss Gertrude Lichtenstein. The admission fee will be twenty-five

Studio Musicale.

Studio Musicale.

Madame Anita Heineck-Lloyd, in her new studio over the Rosemary Library, gave last night the first of a series of pupils' musicales to an invited audience.

The students gave evidence of conscientious thoroughness, which alone produces artistic work and every one prusent congratulated Madame on what she had accomplished in so short a time.

Among those appearing, Miss Gussie Reinhardt in an aria from Weber's Frieschutz, and Miss Morris in two songs by Schubert, gave proof of an ease of tone production and song conception that Madame Lloyd claims as her especial method.

Miss Rhonie Hutzler was heard with pleasure in several selections, Madame and song especial request an aria from

Miss Rhonie Hutzler was heard with pleasure in several selections. Madame sang by special request an aria from "Mignon," by Thomas: "Calm as the Night," by Bohm, and "Valse." by Ardite. The ontire success of this first musicale decided Madame to continue the stries for the rest of the season. Miss Helen Gould Will Prob-

#### ably Resign.

The probable resignation of Miss. Helen Gould from the lady board of managers for the St. Louis Exposition has been brought about by the failure of a project on which she had set her heart, that of establishing a day nursery at the Percettle.

Exposition.

Mrs. Daniel Manning, the president of the board of managers, had, it seems, different views for the spending if the \$100,000 apropriated by Congress, from those which Miss Gould cherished, and Mrs. Manning used her influence with board members to defeat the day nursery idea in connection with the great fair.

As its successful extelling

fair.

As its successful establishment was the great inducement in Miss Gould's acceptance of a position on the board, the defeat of her plan leads her friends to think that she will sever her connection

#### Personal Mention.

Judge W. E. Homes, of Boydton, Va., is in Richmond looking after profes-sional business in the United States District Court.

Mr. and Mrs. George Peter Cary expect to return to Richmond from "Bullfield." Hanover county, as soon as Mrs. Cary, who has been quite sick, is able to travel.

Mrs. Charles C. Pinckney, who is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. M. Morris, of Louisville, Ky., has been entertained by a number of her Louisville friends.

Mrs. John L. Eubank is the guest of her nephew, Mr. Whitner, on West Grace Street.

The Rev. Dr. Robert P. Kerr, of Baltimore, will lecture here on April 7th on "Rome," for the benefit of the Westminster School Library. Dr. Kerr's former parishioners and his many friends are always glad to welcome him to Rich-

The Rev. and Mrs. J. L. Hart reached Richmond yesterday, and are the guests of Mr. Hart's uncle, the Rev. Dr. Derioux, of Venable Street Baptist

Mr. and Mrs. Hart, who have been re-cently married, will sail April 7th for the Baptist mission in Buenos Ayres.

Mrs. H. Wolcott, of West Point, Va-

Colonel and Mrs. George S. Hastings and Miss Hastings, of New York, reached Richmond from Charleston, S. C., yester-day, and spent the day in visiting points of interest here.

Mrs. Carl von Mayhoff, the Virginia representative at the St. Louis Exposition, has given the design of the insignia to be worn by the lady managers of the Louisiana Purchase at the exposition to Black, Star and Haest, of New York city.

Miss Margaret Hanes has been appointed sponsor for the State of North Carolina at the approaching Nashvilla reunion by General Julian S. Carr, commanding the North Carolina division of Carolina Carolina (1998). Confederate veterans.

Mrs. Andrew J. Montague, who has been suffering with a severe cold, is much better, and is able to see her felends

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Walters, of At-lanta, Ga., are the guests of their mother, Mrs. II. E. Walters, No. 9 East Cary Street.

#### In Lighter Vein.

In Lighter Vein.

A human being is a queer animal after all. We cat possums and pay fancy prices for them, yet a vuiture will not touch one. During a long season of snow some years ago a farmer said the huzzards in his locality were aimost starved and to test the matter he killed a possum and put it out where he could be easily found. The vultures would not touch it, though they "examined" the carcass. Not satisfied, the farmer cooked another 'possum up brown and spread it out, but the buzzards declined the feast.—Greensboro (Tenn.) Record.

Gorley-You seem to have a model wife

Gorley-You seem to have a model wife. Fitkins-Oh, yes; but, then women are uch curious things. When we married, fora want on terms with her mother; adn't spoken to her for over a year. We hadn't been married six weeks before fora had the old lady at the house, and they have been there ever since.—Boston Transcript.

# BOUND FOR

tional Lawmakers Will Reach Tamestown This Morning.

After Luncheon in Norfolk Trip to Navy-Yard Will

reny, which purposes to celebrate in 1907 the three hundredth anniversary of the founding of the Jamestown settlement, the first colony of Anglo-Saxon people permanently established in the new

Thore are about two hundred and fifty persons in the party, and every man in it, from staid and dignified senators of the United States to the youngest and frisklest attache, appeared to be filled with the idea of having a good time, and everything that could be done to help them achieve this end was being done by the representatives of the Exposition Company aboard. Representative Maynard whose personal popularity has been largely responsible for the unusually large crowd which has started on the trip, is the received heavy reinforcements this morning when the steamer from Norfolk arrived, bringing a committee from Norfolk, which is, on the boat and will assist in dispensing the honors. There are about two hundred and fifty

Mr. Maynard. J. L. Patton, of Charlottesville, who chanced to be in the city on business, went also.

Haley's Band, from this city, is aboard the Norfolk, and when the guests were crowding across the kangplank this afternoon the musicians were regaling their cars with catchy ragitime airs.

Senator Daniel could not go, owing to his having been called to Lynchburg on business, but Senator Martin went along, as did nearly all the Virginia representatives. Mr. Glass is in Lynchburg, owing to the severe illness of his brother, and Mr. Hay could not leave the capital at this time.

The party expected to reach Jamestown at 8 o'clock to-morrow morning, and, after spending an hour and a half there, would come back down to Newport News, spend-an hour at the ship-yard and go thence to Norfolk, in time for luncheon at the Monticello at 3 o'clock. Thence they will go to the navy-yard, spend an hour or so there and reach Od Point in time for the banquet bo-morrow night at 8 o'clock. The return trip will be begun at about midnight, and Washington will be reached by the middle of the day Sunday.

Crawford Union, W. C. T. U.

Crawford Union, W. C. T. U.
The Crawford Union of Hanover county held its regular meeting March 16th at the residence of Mr. John W. Beadles. Seven members and one visitor were present. The meeting opened promptly with devotional exercises by the vice-president, Miss Rena Beadles. There was no report from either the corresponding or recording secretary. There was no report from any of the superintendents of different branches of work, except the flower mission, which had a good report. Literature was read by Miss Kate Adams, One new member was admitted since last meeting. The next meeting will be held at Miss Kae Adams's on April 13th, 1904.

#### Lecture to the Veterans.



# Chocolate Bonbons

If you buy Lowney's Candies in the original scaled packages you will find them in perfect condition, or money refunded.

Distinguished Company of Na-

### WILLL VISIT THE SHIP-YARD

be Made.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 18.—The teamer City of Norfolk left here at o'clock this afternoon, having on board a large party of senators and members, attaches of the two houses and newspaper correspondents, bound for James town, the guests of the Exposition Com-

beat and will assist in dispensing the honors.

THE VIRGINIA HOSTS.
This committee from the Exposition C. A. Woodward, member of the Legisla-Johnston, Gwynn T. Shepherd, S. Gordon Cumming, Barton Myers, General Fitziugh Lie, W. R. Boutwell, T. J. Wool, C. S. Sherwood and John O'Iceefe, Mr. C. A. Woodward member of the Legislature from Norfolk, reached the city this morning from Philadelphia, whither he went on a business trip, and he also accompanied the party at the invitation of Mr. Maynard, J. L. Patton, of Charlottesville, who chanced to be in the city on business, went also.

### Crawford Union, W. C. T. U.

Lecture to the veteralis.

Rear Admiral Webster, by invitation of Gheral Charles J. Anderson, visited the Soidlers' Home last night and delivered his lecture on Japan before the veterans. Nearly all of the old soidlers were out, and quite a number of visitors were present, including several ladies, The lecture was highly entertaining and all enjoyed it very much.

## Go Back to Work.

The strike in the Sixth Street stemmery of the American Tobacco Company has practically amounted to nothing. About 100 of the 250 negroes who went out on Thursday returned to work yesterday, and there is reason to believe that the others will be back at work by Monday.

Mr. Yuille Here.

Mr. T. B. Yullie, of New York, head of the leaf department of the American Tobacco Company, is in the city.

Lewney's Packages are Full Weight.

# Baking Powder

Absolutely ! Healthful cream of tartar, derived solely from grapes, refined to absolute purity, is the active principle of every

pound of Royal Baking Powder. Hence it is that Royal Baking Powder produces food remarkable both in fine flavor and wholesomeness.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

# A BRIDGE TO **MANCHESTER**

Pure

The Citizens Generally Want the Project to Go Through.

CITY COUNCIL HAS ACTED

Funeral of Mr. Nelson To-day. Meeting of Dalmo Klan.

Manchester Bureau, Times-Dispatch, \ No. 1102 Hull Street. \}
The people of Manchester are intensely

Boys Whipped.

interested in the proposed free bridge across the river at Mayo's Island. In following out the wishes of their constituents, the City Council has already taken action. A resolution endorsng the project and appointing a committee to confer with the Richmond Council has been adopted, and the com-

mittee has been appointed. The resolution also puts the city in the

mittee has been appointed.

The resolution also puts the city in the position of being responsible for the \$250,000 in bonds, with 324 per cent, mortgage coupons.

With such a bridge, it is felt that Manchester will derive much benefit. The lower end of the city will have its property increased in value, and with first-class car facilities, it is believed some of the vacant factory buildings may be put into active service again.

The revenue expected to be derived from the car company is calculated upon as being a sufficient amount in fifty years to call in all the bonds.

Manchester people hope the Richmond Council will lose uo time in joining with them in the bridge question. It is known that the Richmond merchants in the lower section of the city favor the new bridge, and that Richmond and Manchester will be equally benefited.

COURT NOTES.

Two small colored boys were whipped by their mother in the Police Court yesterday, at the instigation of the Mayor, for threatening to shoot some other boys. James Scott, another small negro, was sent to the Reformators for breaking into a stable.

Thomas Lewis was fined \$10 and put under bonds for ruising a disturbance with his wife.

FUNERAL, SERVICT.

The funeral of Mr. Ira C. Nelson will

FUNERAL, SERVICT.

The funeral of Mr. 1ra C. Nelson will take place from the home, No. 100f Bainbridge Street, at I o'clock this afternoon, The burial will be in Maury Cemetery. The remains of Mr. E. P. Woolfolk, of this city, were buried in Hollywood yesterday morning. He died in Newport

News.
PERSONAL AND BRIEFS.
Hosta Conclave, Heptasophs, at the last meeting, appropriated \$10 toward a Heptasoph booth at the St. Louis Fair.
Mr. R. L. Best has been called to the bedside of his sister, Mrs. Southall, in

Mr. R. L. Best has been called to the bedside of his sister. Mrs. Southall, in Prince George county.

FUNERAL SERVICE.

An enthusiastic meeting of the mystorious order of Dalmo Klan was held last night at Masonic Temple. The cries of distress, mingled with merriment, that came from the upper windows indicated that something was doing. It was learned afterward that a number of applicants for membership had been initiated into the mysteries.

FUNERAL OF MR. NELSON TO-DAY.

The funeral of Mr. Ira C. Nelson, whose death was announced yesterday morning, will take place from the residence of Mr. C. N. Nelson, No. 1001 Bainbridge Street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, Mr. Nelson is survived by five brothers and three sisters. These are Messrs. Samuel B., of New York; Henry C., W. II., Charles T., and W. R. Nelson, of Manichester; Mrs. D. C. Fennol, Mrs. H. B. Fergusson, of Halifax, N. C., and Mrs. E. N. Ricks, of Lillington, N. C.

It was learned in Mandester last night that the young man, John Walters, who was reported as killed in Pittsburg Thursday in an accident, was from Chesterfield county, near Bon Air, His father communicated with the Pittsburg authorities, and it is likely the remains will be brought here.

ties, and it is likely the remains will be brought here.
None of the details of the death have

TOBACCO MARKET.

yet been learned.

# POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW

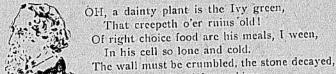
Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot

No. 135.

# The Ivy Green.

By DICKENS.

Charles Dickens, the famous novelist, was born at Landport, near Portsmeuth, Eng., February 7, 1812, and died at Gadshill, near Rochester, Eng., June 9, 1876. His father was a newspaper reporter. Beginning with a very elementary education, Dickens became a lawyer's cierk and afterwards a reporter on a newspaper in London.

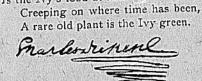


To pleasure his dainty whim; And the mouldering dust that years have made Is a merry meal for him. Creeping where no life is seen,

A rare old plant is the Ivy green, Fast he stealeth on, though he wears no wings, And a staunch old heart has he; How closely he twineth, how tight he clings, To his friend the huge Oak Tree!

And slyly he traileth along the ground, And his leaves he gently waves, As he joyously hugs and crawleth round The rich mould of dead men's graves. Creeping where grim death has been, A rare old plant is the Ivy green.

Whole ages have fled, and their works decayed, And nations have scattered been; But the stout old Ivy shall never fade From its hale and hearty green. The brave old plant in its lonely days Shall fatten upon the past; For the stateliest building man can raise Is the Ivy's food at last



This series began in the Times-Dispatch S unday Oct. 11, 1903. One is published each day.

co that will come in after this will be shipped. The weekly comment and pricelist of the Grain and Cotton Exchange is

list of the Grain and Cotton Exchange is as follows:

Dark dried tobacco.—new; market continues firm at unchanged prices; receipts not so heavy this week as herotofore.

Old; Receipts and offerings very light and market very quiet, but little doing. Brights—Market continues fairly active, with fair receipts. Sun current-Market continues active for all good stock; common and green stock dull; fair receipts.

Dard Fired Tobacco—Reordered; Primsanta, Santa of the stock of

Dark Dried Tobacco—Reordered: Primings \$2.75 to \$3.50; lugs, common to good, \$i to \$4.75; lugs, good to prime, \$4.76 to \$5; short leaf \$5.50 to \$3, medium leaf \$6 to \$7, long leaf \$7 to \$9, wrappers and selection \$10 to \$13. st, long leaf at 10 s), weappers and selection \$10 to \$13.

Bright Tobacoo—New; Smokers—Common \$4 to \$10, fine \$10 to \$12. Cuttors—Common \$10 to \$12. medium \$12 to \$13, fine \$15 to \$17, fancy \$47 to \$20; Tillers—Common \$6 to \$7, medium \$8 to \$9 good \$9 to \$11, fine \$12 to \$14; Wrappers—Common \$14 to \$18, medium \$18 to \$25, good \$7 to \$35, fine \$95 to \$40, fancy \$15 to \$21, ings, common to good, \$1,50 to \$4,50; lugs, good to prime, \$4,60 to \$6; short leaf \$40 to \$8, long leaf \$8 to \$11, wrappers \$12 to \$21,

Improve the School. Week Ends With Large Offerings—Wagon Trade About Over The week on the tobacco market ended yesterday with another great sale. The warehouse floors were full again, and wires continued excellent. The aggregate of sales for the week will probably amount to between seven and eight hundred thousand pounds. The wagon trade of the board, to be held in the city of the board, to be held in the city of the board, to be held in the city of the board, to be held in the city of the board, to be held in the city of the consider the question of erecting additional dormitories at Randolph-Macon Woman's College and extending its cumpared thousand pounds. The wagon trade

## GLIELMO WON MATCH,

Local Amateurs Have Lively

Bout of Two Out of Three.

Bout of Two Out of Three.

John Glicimo, aged sixteen years and weighing 105 pounds, defeated George Woodall, about evenly, matched in a wrestling bout yesterday afternoon in No. 918 East Broad Street.

The first fall in the match was made in two and one-half minutes by Glicimo, the second was won by Woodall in twenty-two minutes. The third and decisive fall went to Glicimo in fourteen minutes. At the conclusion of the bout, George Herbert, who defeated Grayson Nichols in the preliminary at the Academy ou Wednesday night, challenged the my on Wednesday night, challenged the winner, and Glielmo promptly accepted the same. The match will take place in April, or possibly as a preliminary to the Dwyer-Sharkey contest at the Academy on the 28th of this month.

## WILL ORGANIZE LEAGUE. Meeting To-night of Managers

for Local Base-Ball,

for Local Base-Ball.

A meeting of all interested in the formation of a local base-ball league for this city will be held to-night at 8 o'clock in the home of Mr. Charles Donath.

It is proposed that the league be composed of four teams—one from the Bast and West End, and the others from the Northside and Manchester, Much interest has already been manifested in the proposed league, and Mr. Jim Munn, who projected the scheme, has assumed munagement of the Fulton Brownies, Mr. Bradley, of Manchester, formerly owner of the Richmond team in the Atlantic League, will put a team in the field from across the river. across the river.